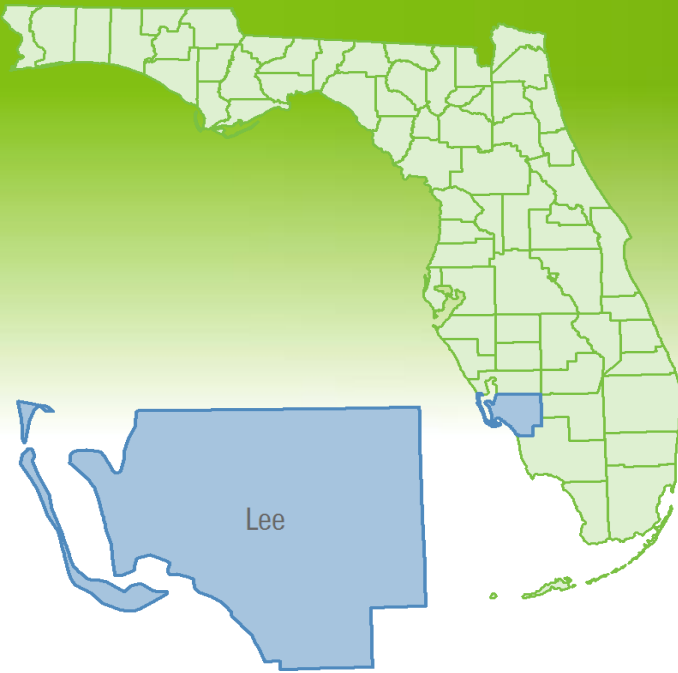


Monthly Market Detail - November 2019

Single Family Homes

Lee County



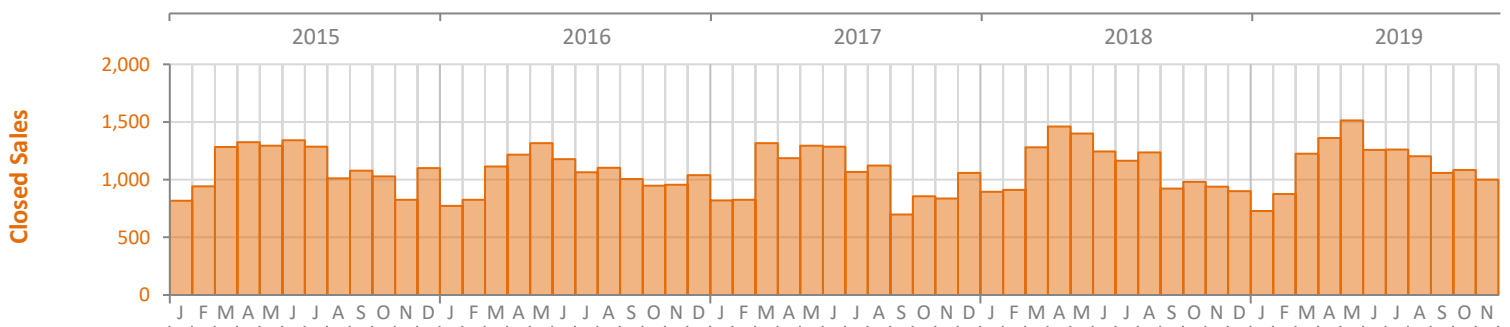
Summary Statistics	November 2019	November 2018	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Closed Sales	1,001	939	6.6%
Paid in Cash	283	291	-2.7%
Median Sale Price	\$262,500	\$250,000	5.0%
Average Sale Price	\$335,357	\$330,100	1.6%
Dollar Volume	\$335.7 Million	\$310.0 Million	8.3%
Median Percent of Original List Price Received	96.4%	95.4%	1.0%
Median Time to Contract	67 Days	67 Days	0.0%
Median Time to Sale	111 Days	109 Days	1.8%
New Pending Sales	1,177	918	28.2%
New Listings	1,385	1,496	-7.4%
Pending Inventory	1,674	1,255	33.4%
Inventory (Active Listings)	5,326	6,208	-14.2%
Months Supply of Inventory	4.7	5.5	-14.5%

Closed Sales

The number of sales transactions which closed during the month

Economists' note: Closed Sales are one of the simplest—yet most important—indicators for the residential real estate market. When comparing Closed Sales across markets of different sizes, we recommend comparing the percent changes in sales rather than the number of sales. Closed Sales (and many other market metrics) are affected by seasonal cycles, so actual trends are more accurately represented by year-over-year changes (i.e. comparing a month's sales to the amount of sales in the same month in the previous year), rather than changes from one month to the next.

Month	Closed Sales	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	12,567	1.0%
November 2019	1,001	6.6%
October 2019	1,084	10.4%
September 2019	1,058	14.8%
August 2019	1,203	-2.7%
July 2019	1,261	8.2%
June 2019	1,257	1.0%
May 2019	1,514	8.1%
April 2019	1,362	-6.8%
March 2019	1,224	-4.4%
February 2019	875	-4.1%
January 2019	728	-18.7%
December 2018	901	-14.9%
November 2018	939	12.2%

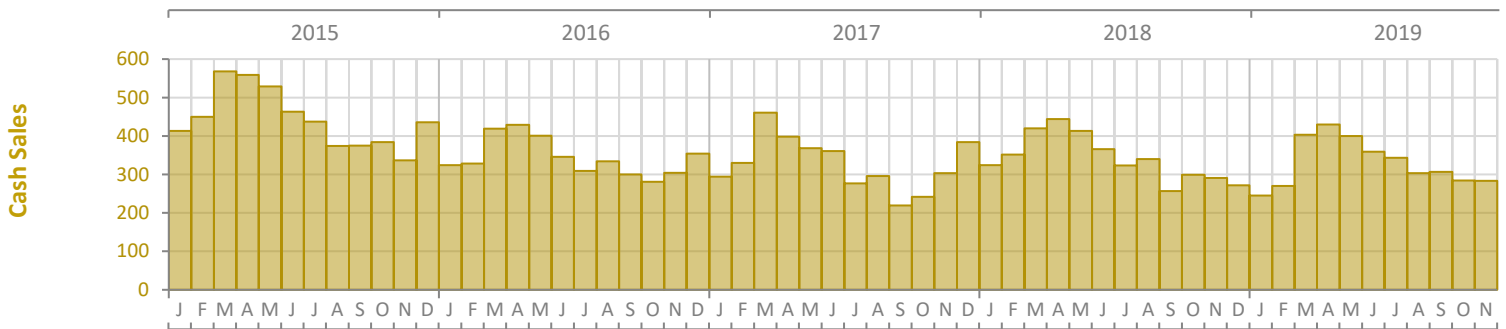


Cash Sales

The number of Closed Sales during the month in which buyers exclusively paid in cash

Economists' note: Cash Sales can be a useful indicator of the extent to which investors are participating in the market. Why? Investors are far more likely to have the funds to purchase a home available up front, whereas the typical homebuyer requires a mortgage or some other form of financing. There are, of course, many possible exceptions, so this statistic should be interpreted with care.

Month	Cash Sales	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	3,627	-5.3%
November 2019	283	-2.7%
October 2019	284	-5.0%
September 2019	307	19.5%
August 2019	303	-10.9%
July 2019	343	6.2%
June 2019	359	-1.9%
May 2019	400	-3.1%
April 2019	430	-3.2%
March 2019	403	-4.0%
February 2019	270	-23.3%
January 2019	245	-24.4%
December 2018	272	-29.2%
November 2018	291	-4.0%

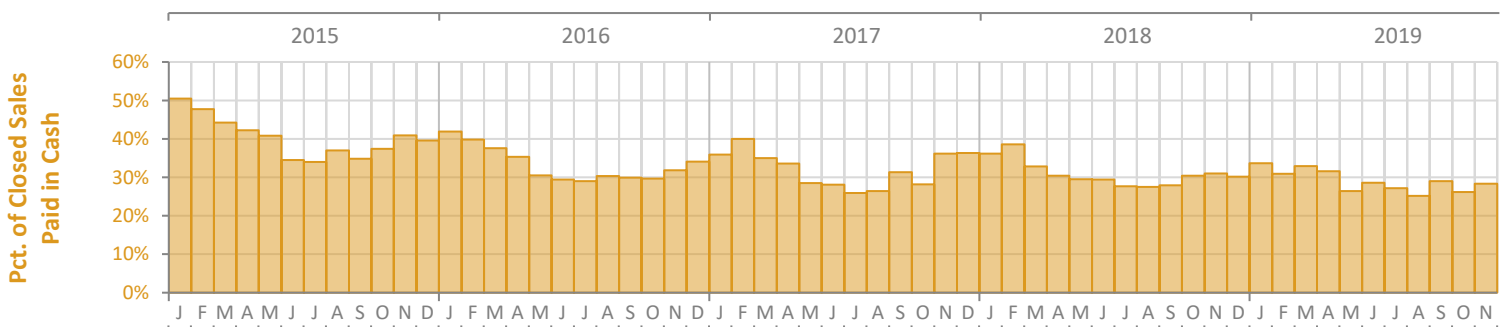


Cash Sales as a Percentage of Closed Sales

The percentage of Closed Sales during the month which were Cash Sales

Economists' note: This statistic is simply another way of viewing Cash Sales. The remaining percentages of Closed Sales (i.e. those not paid fully in cash) each month involved some sort of financing, such as mortgages, owner/seller financing, assumed loans, etc.

Month	Percent of Closed Sales Paid in Cash	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	28.9%	-6.2%
November 2019	28.3%	-8.7%
October 2019	26.2%	-13.8%
September 2019	29.0%	3.9%
August 2019	25.2%	-8.4%
July 2019	27.2%	-1.8%
June 2019	28.6%	-2.7%
May 2019	26.4%	-10.5%
April 2019	31.6%	3.9%
March 2019	32.9%	0.3%
February 2019	30.9%	-19.9%
January 2019	33.7%	-6.9%
December 2018	30.2%	-16.8%
November 2018	31.0%	-14.4%

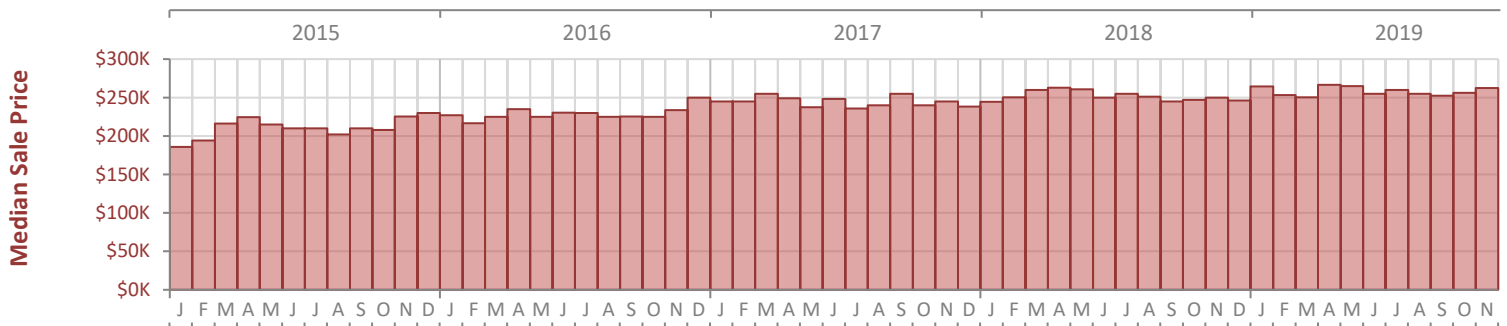


Median Sale Price

The median sale price reported for the month (i.e. 50% of sales were above and 50% of sales were below)

Economists' note: Median Sale Price is our preferred summary statistic for price activity because, unlike Average Sale Price, Median Sale Price is not sensitive to high sale prices for small numbers of homes that may not be characteristic of the market area. Keep in mind that median price trends over time are not always solely caused by changes in the general value of local real estate. Median sale price only reflects the values of the homes that *sold* each month, and the mix of the types of homes that sell can change over time.

Month	Median Sale Price	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	\$258,000	2.4%
November 2019	\$262,500	5.0%
October 2019	\$255,934	3.6%
September 2019	\$252,250	3.0%
August 2019	\$255,000	1.6%
July 2019	\$260,000	2.0%
June 2019	\$255,006	2.0%
May 2019	\$265,000	1.6%
April 2019	\$266,500	1.3%
March 2019	\$250,400	-3.7%
February 2019	\$253,250	1.2%
January 2019	\$264,498	8.2%
December 2018	\$246,000	3.2%
November 2018	\$250,000	2.0%

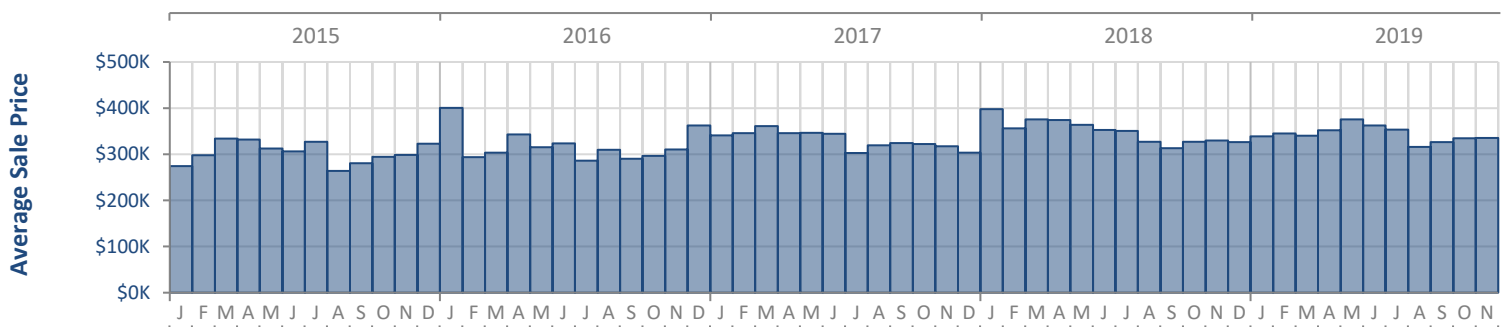


Average Sale Price

The average sale price reported for the month (i.e. total sales in dollars divided by the number of sales)

Economists' note: Usually, we prefer Median Sale Price over Average Sale Price as a summary statistic for home prices. However, Average Sale Price does have its uses—particularly when it is analyzed alongside the Median Sale Price. For one, the relative difference between the two statistics can provide some insight into the market for higher-end homes in an area.

Month	Average Sale Price	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	\$345,260	-2.2%
November 2019	\$335,357	1.6%
October 2019	\$334,658	2.3%
September 2019	\$326,642	4.3%
August 2019	\$316,241	-3.2%
July 2019	\$353,488	0.8%
June 2019	\$362,415	2.7%
May 2019	\$375,899	3.3%
April 2019	\$351,961	-6.0%
March 2019	\$339,865	-9.6%
February 2019	\$345,056	-3.2%
January 2019	\$338,866	-14.9%
December 2018	\$326,339	7.7%
November 2018	\$330,100	4.1%

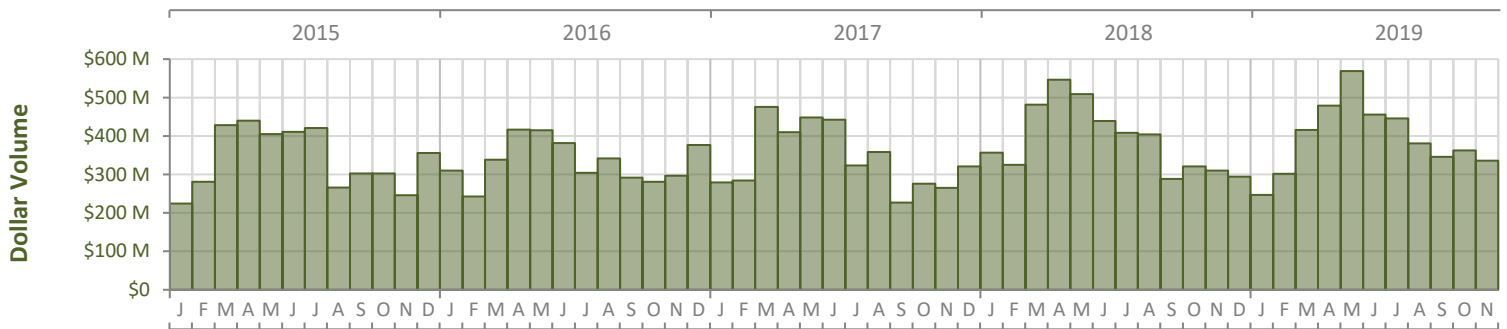


Dollar Volume

The sum of the sale prices for all sales which closed during the month

Economists' note: Dollar Volume is simply the sum of all sale prices in a given time period, and can quickly be calculated by multiplying Closed Sales by Average Sale Price. It is a strong indicator of the health of the real estate industry in a market, and is of particular interest to real estate professionals, investors, analysts, and government agencies. Potential home sellers and home buyers, on the other hand, will likely be better served by paying attention to trends in the two components of Dollar Volume (i.e. sales and prices) individually.

Month	Dollar Volume	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	\$4.3 Billion	-1.2%
November 2019	\$335.7 Million	8.3%
October 2019	\$362.8 Million	12.9%
September 2019	\$345.6 Million	19.7%
August 2019	\$380.4 Million	-5.9%
July 2019	\$445.7 Million	9.1%
June 2019	\$455.6 Million	3.8%
May 2019	\$569.1 Million	11.7%
April 2019	\$479.4 Million	-12.3%
March 2019	\$416.0 Million	-13.6%
February 2019	\$301.9 Million	-7.1%
January 2019	\$246.7 Million	-30.8%
December 2018	\$294.0 Million	-8.4%
November 2018	\$310.0 Million	16.8%

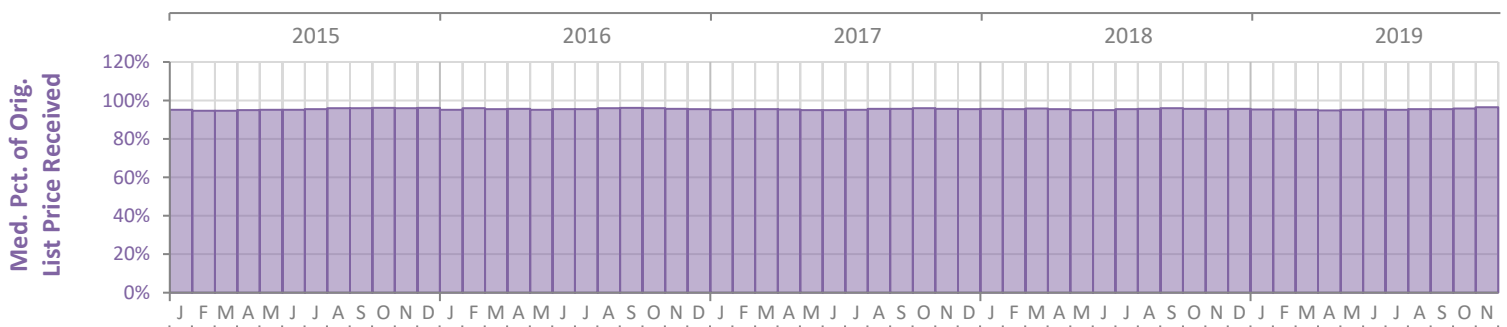


Median Percent of Original List Price Received

The median of the sale price (as a percentage of the original list price) across all properties selling during the month

Economists' note: The Median Percent of Original List Price Received is useful as an indicator of market recovery, since it typically rises as buyers realize that the market may be moving away from them and they need to match the selling price (or better it) in order to get a contract on the house. This is usually the last measure to indicate a market has shifted from down to up, so it is what we would call a *lagging* indicator.

Month	Med. Pct. of Orig. List Price Received	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	95.4%	-0.1%
November 2019	96.4%	1.0%
October 2019	95.8%	0.1%
September 2019	95.5%	-0.5%
August 2019	95.5%	-0.2%
July 2019	95.1%	-0.3%
June 2019	95.3%	0.3%
May 2019	95.1%	0.2%
April 2019	94.8%	-0.6%
March 2019	95.1%	-0.7%
February 2019	95.3%	-0.2%
January 2019	95.3%	-0.4%
December 2018	95.7%	0.2%
November 2018	95.4%	-0.3%

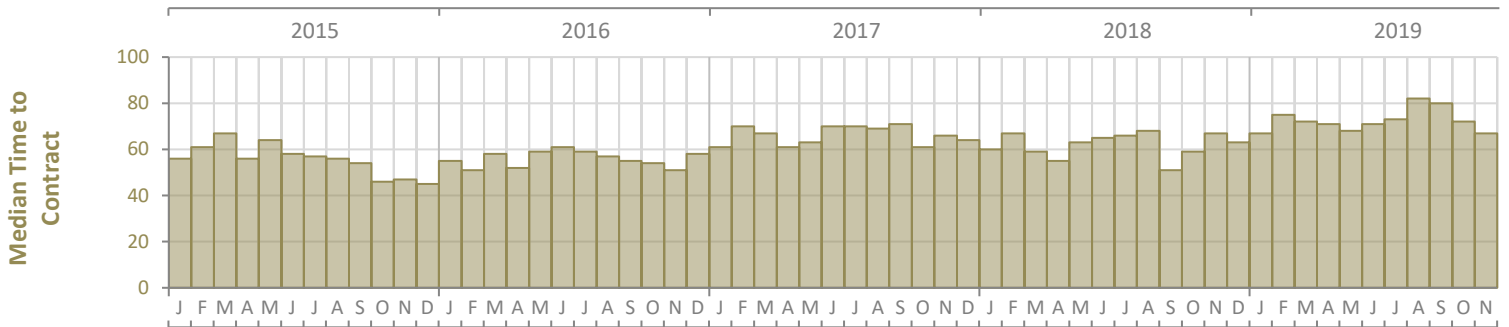


Median Time to Contract

The median number of days between the listing date and contract date for all Closed Sales during the month

Economists' note: Like Time to Sale, Time to Contract is a measure of the length of the home selling process calculated for sales which closed during the month. The difference is that Time to Contract measures the number of days between the initial listing of a property and the signing of the contract which eventually led to the closing of the sale. When the gap between Median Time to Contract and Median Time to Sale grows, it is usually a sign of longer closing times and/or declining numbers of cash sales.

Month	Median Time to Contract	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	73 Days	17.7%
November 2019	67 Days	0.0%
October 2019	72 Days	22.0%
September 2019	80 Days	56.9%
August 2019	82 Days	20.6%
July 2019	73 Days	10.6%
June 2019	71 Days	9.2%
May 2019	68 Days	7.9%
April 2019	71 Days	29.1%
March 2019	72 Days	22.0%
February 2019	75 Days	11.9%
January 2019	67 Days	11.7%
December 2018	63 Days	-1.6%
November 2018	67 Days	1.5%

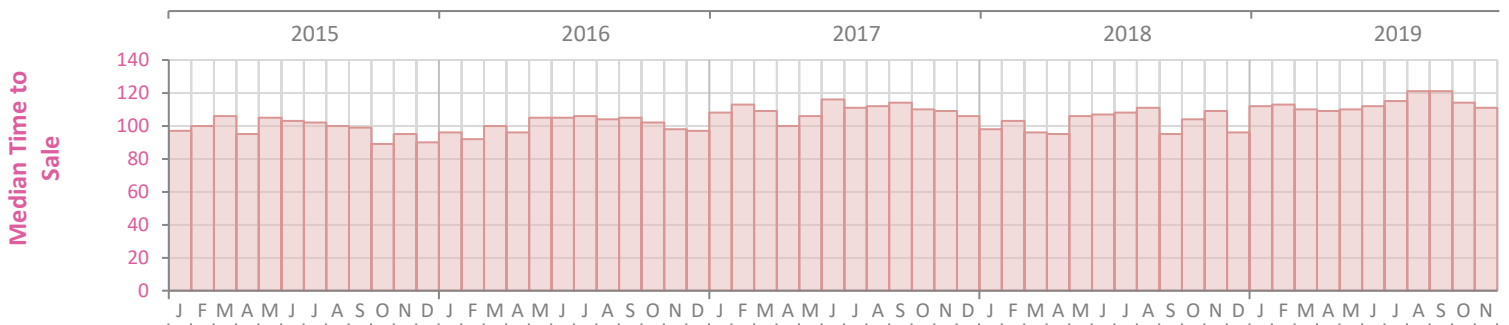


Median Time to Sale

The median number of days between the listing date and closing date for all Closed Sales during the month

Economists' note: Time to Sale is a measure of the length of the home selling process, calculated as the number of days between the initial listing of a property and the closing of the sale. *Median Time to Sale* is the amount of time the "middle" property selling this month was on the market. That is, 50% of homes selling this month took *less* time to sell, and 50% of homes took *more* time to sell. Median Time to Sale gives a more accurate picture than Average Time to Sale, which can be skewed upward by small numbers of properties taking an abnormally long time to sell.

Month	Median Time to Sale	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	114 Days	9.6%
November 2019	111 Days	1.8%
October 2019	114 Days	9.6%
September 2019	121 Days	27.4%
August 2019	121 Days	9.0%
July 2019	115 Days	6.5%
June 2019	112 Days	4.7%
May 2019	110 Days	3.8%
April 2019	109 Days	14.7%
March 2019	110 Days	14.6%
February 2019	113 Days	9.7%
January 2019	112 Days	14.3%
December 2018	96 Days	-9.4%
November 2018	109 Days	0.0%

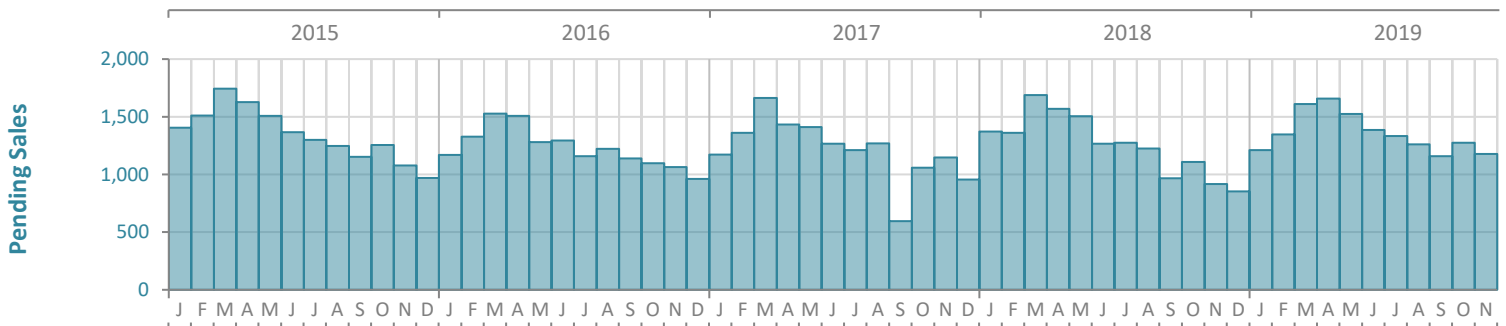


New Pending Sales

The number of listed properties that went under contract during the month

Economists' note: Because of the typical length of time it takes for a sale to close, economists consider Pending Sales to be a decent indicator of potential future Closed Sales. It is important to bear in mind, however, that not all Pending Sales will be closed successfully. So, the effectiveness of Pending Sales as a future indicator of Closed Sales is susceptible to changes in market conditions such as the availability of financing for homebuyers and the inventory of distressed properties for sale.

Month	New Pending Sales	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	14,941	4.8%
November 2019	1,177	28.2%
October 2019	1,275	15.2%
September 2019	1,158	19.6%
August 2019	1,261	2.9%
July 2019	1,333	4.5%
June 2019	1,385	9.3%
May 2019	1,525	1.4%
April 2019	1,657	5.5%
March 2019	1,610	-4.6%
February 2019	1,348	-0.9%
January 2019	1,212	-11.6%
December 2018	852	-11.0%
November 2018	918	-20.0%

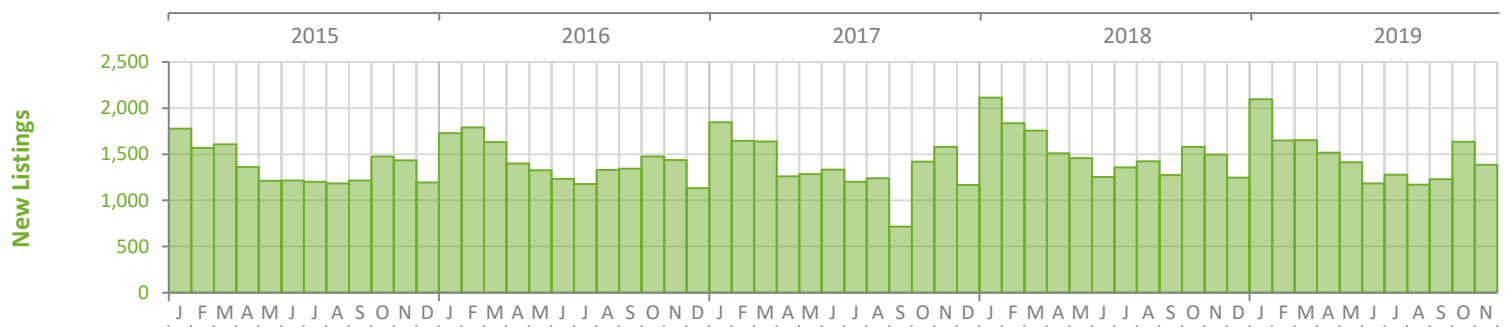


New Listings

The number of properties put onto the market during the month

Economists' note: New Listings tend to rise in delayed response to increasing prices, so they are often seen as a lagging indicator of market health. As prices rise, potential sellers raise their estimations of value—and in the most recent cycle, rising prices have freed up many potential sellers who were previously underwater on their mortgages. Note that in our calculations, we take care to not include properties that were recently taken off the market and quickly relisted, since these are not really *new* listings.

Month	New Listings	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	16,209	-5.0%
November 2019	1,385	-7.4%
October 2019	1,635	3.6%
September 2019	1,229	-3.7%
August 2019	1,169	-17.8%
July 2019	1,279	-5.7%
June 2019	1,184	-5.6%
May 2019	1,413	-3.2%
April 2019	1,518	0.5%
March 2019	1,651	-6.1%
February 2019	1,649	-10.1%
January 2019	2,097	-0.8%
December 2018	1,248	6.9%
November 2018	1,496	-5.2%

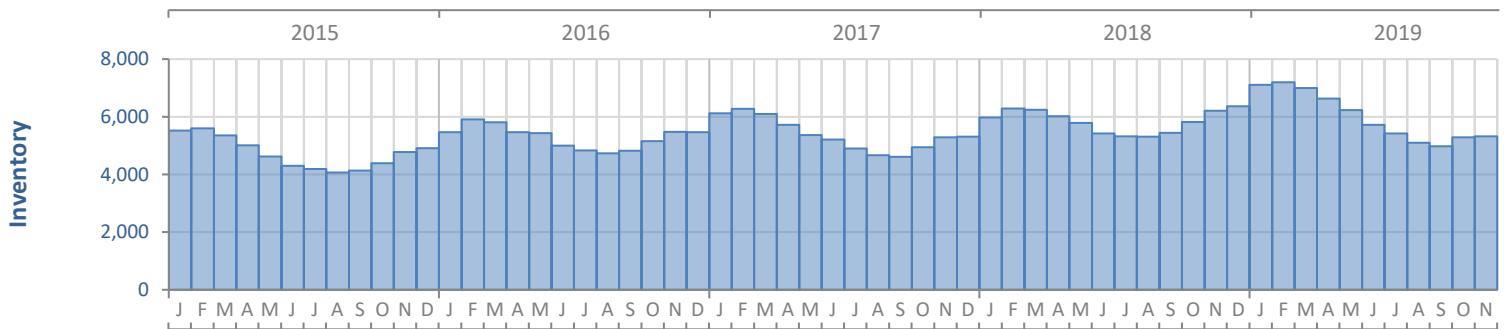


Inventory (Active Listings)

The number of property listings active at the end of the month

Economists' note: There are a number of ways to define and calculate Inventory. Our method is to simply count the number of active listings on the last day of the month, and hold this number to compare with the same month the following year. Inventory rises when New Listings are outpacing the number of listings that go off-market (regardless of whether they actually sell). Likewise, it falls when New Listings aren't keeping up with the rate at which homes are going off-market.

Month	Inventory	Percent Change Year-over-Year
YTD (Monthly Avg)	6,000	3.4%
November 2019	5,326	-14.2%
October 2019	5,287	-9.2%
September 2019	4,977	-8.6%
August 2019	5,100	-3.9%
July 2019	5,422	1.8%
June 2019	5,724	5.6%
May 2019	6,234	7.7%
April 2019	6,633	10.2%
March 2019	6,994	12.1%
February 2019	7,195	14.5%
January 2019	7,104	18.9%
December 2018	6,367	20.0%
November 2018	6,208	17.4%

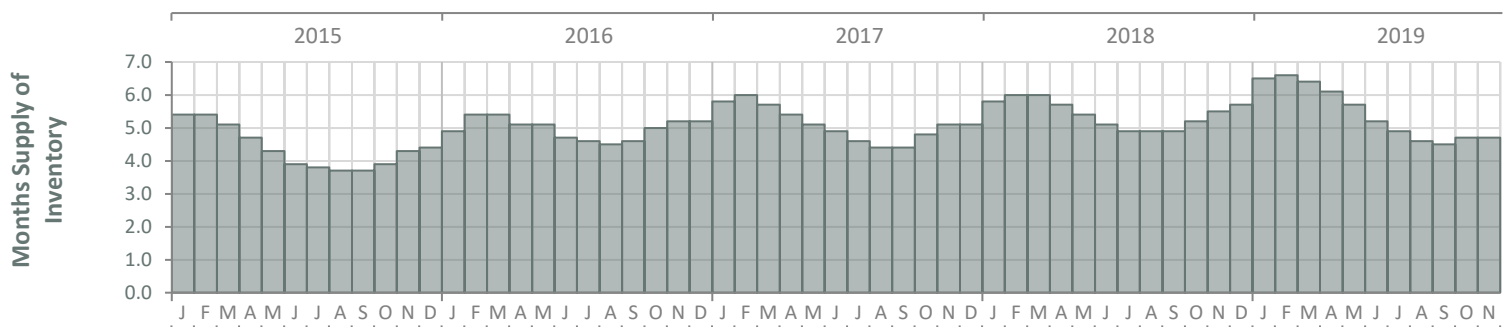


Months Supply of Inventory

An estimate of the number of months it will take to deplete the current Inventory given recent sales rates

Economists' note: MSI is a useful indicator of market conditions. The benchmark for a balanced market (favoring neither buyer nor seller) is 5.5 months of inventory. Anything higher is traditionally a buyers' market, and anything lower is a sellers' market. There is no single accepted way of calculating MSI. A common method is to divide current Inventory by the most recent month's Closed Sales count, but this count is a usually poor predictor of future Closed Sales due to seasonal cycles. To eliminate seasonal effects, we use the 12-month average of monthly Closed Sales instead.

Month	Months Supply	Percent Change Year-over-Year
YTD (Monthly Avg)	5.4	0.0%
November 2019	4.7	-14.5%
October 2019	4.7	-9.6%
September 2019	4.5	-8.2%
August 2019	4.6	-6.1%
July 2019	4.9	0.0%
June 2019	5.2	2.0%
May 2019	5.7	5.6%
April 2019	6.1	7.0%
March 2019	6.4	6.7%
February 2019	6.6	10.0%
January 2019	6.5	12.1%
December 2018	5.7	11.8%
November 2018	5.5	7.8%

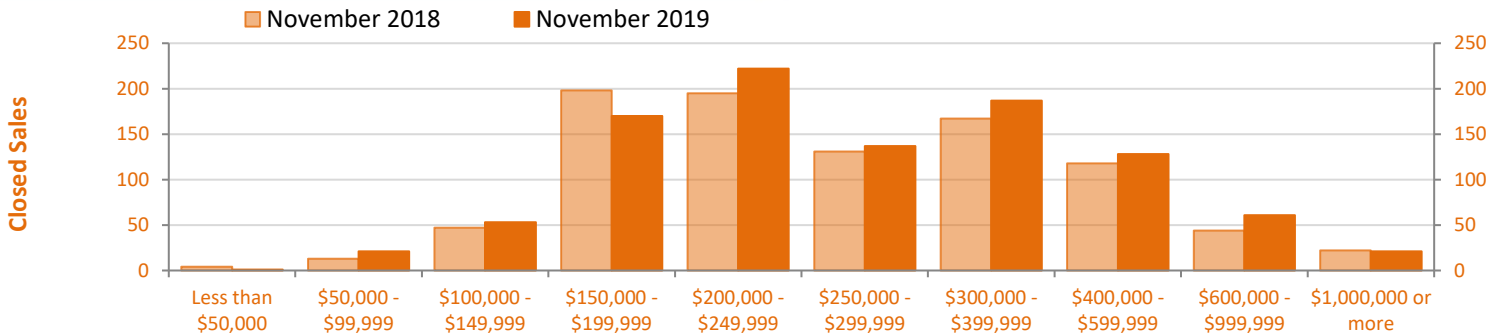


Closed Sales by Sale Price

The number of sales transactions which closed during the month

Economists' note: Closed Sales are one of the simplest—yet most important—indicators for the residential real estate market. When comparing Closed Sales across markets of different sizes, we recommend comparing the percent changes in sales rather than the number of sales. Closed Sales (and many other market metrics) are affected by seasonal cycles, so actual trends are more accurately represented by year-over-year changes (i.e. comparing a month's sales to the amount of sales in the same month in the previous year), rather than changes from one month to the next.

Sale Price	Closed Sales	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Less than \$50,000	1	-75.0%
\$50,000 - \$99,999	21	61.5%
\$100,000 - \$149,999	53	12.8%
\$150,000 - \$199,999	170	-14.1%
\$200,000 - \$249,999	222	13.8%
\$250,000 - \$299,999	137	4.6%
\$300,000 - \$399,999	187	12.0%
\$400,000 - \$599,999	128	8.5%
\$600,000 - \$999,999	61	38.6%
\$1,000,000 or more	21	-4.5%

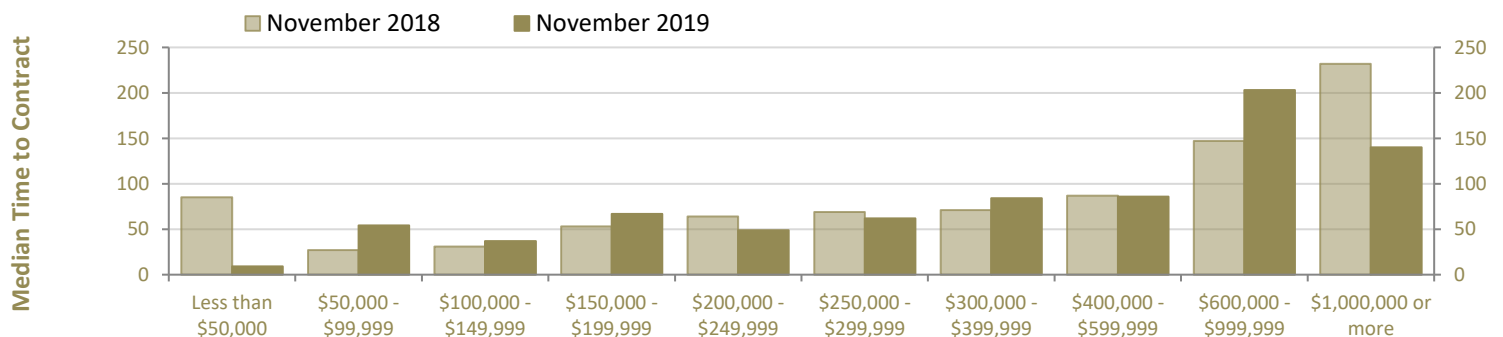


Median Time to Contract by Sale Price

The median number of days between the listing date and contract date for all Closed Sales during the month

Economists' note: Like Time to Sale, Time to Contract is a measure of the length of the home selling process calculated for sales which closed during the month. The difference is that Time to Contract measures the number of days between the initial listing of a property and the signing of the contract which eventually led to the closing of the sale. When the gap between Median Time to Contract and Median Time to Sale grows, it is usually a sign of longer closing times and/or declining numbers of cash sales.

Sale Price	Median Time to Contract	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Less than \$50,000	9 Days	-89.4%
\$50,000 - \$99,999	54 Days	100.0%
\$100,000 - \$149,999	37 Days	19.4%
\$150,000 - \$199,999	67 Days	26.4%
\$200,000 - \$249,999	49 Days	-23.4%
\$250,000 - \$299,999	62 Days	-10.1%
\$300,000 - \$399,999	84 Days	18.3%
\$400,000 - \$599,999	86 Days	-1.1%
\$600,000 - \$999,999	203 Days	38.1%
\$1,000,000 or more	140 Days	-39.7%

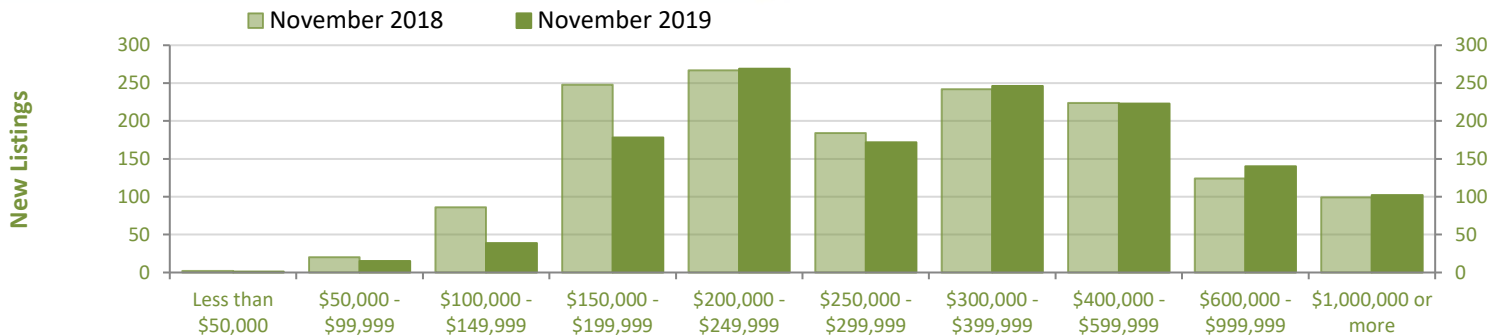


New Listings by Initial Listing Price

The number of properties put onto the market during the month

Economists' note: New Listings tend to rise in delayed response to increasing prices, so they are often seen as a lagging indicator of market health. As prices rise, potential sellers raise their estimations of value—and in the most recent cycle, rising prices have freed up many potential sellers who were previously underwater on their mortgages. Note that in our calculations, we take care to not include properties that were recently taken off the market and quickly relisted, since these are not really *new* listings.

Initial Listing Price	New Listings	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Less than \$50,000	1	-50.0%
\$50,000 - \$99,999	15	-25.0%
\$100,000 - \$149,999	39	-54.7%
\$150,000 - \$199,999	178	-28.2%
\$200,000 - \$249,999	269	0.7%
\$250,000 - \$299,999	172	-6.5%
\$300,000 - \$399,999	246	1.7%
\$400,000 - \$599,999	223	-0.4%
\$600,000 - \$999,999	140	12.9%
\$1,000,000 or more	102	3.0%

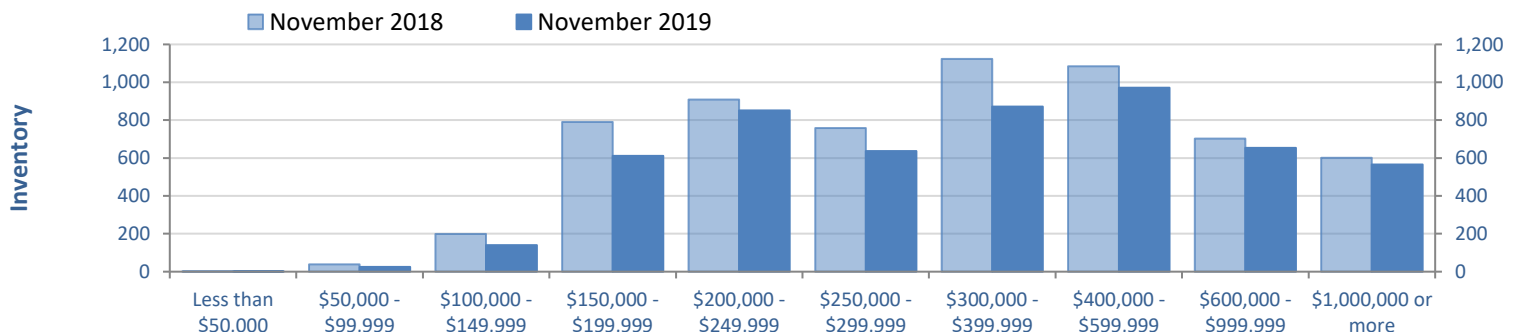


Inventory by Current Listing Price

The number of property listings active at the end of the month

Economists' note: There are a number of ways to define and calculate Inventory. Our method is to simply count the number of active listings on the last day of the month, and hold this number to compare with the same month the following year. Inventory rises when New Listings are outpacing the number of listings that go off-market (regardless of whether they actually sell). Likewise, it falls when New Listings aren't keeping up with the rate at which homes are going off-market.

Current Listing Price	Inventory	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Less than \$50,000	1	0.0%
\$50,000 - \$99,999	25	-35.9%
\$100,000 - \$149,999	140	-29.6%
\$150,000 - \$199,999	612	-22.6%
\$200,000 - \$249,999	851	-6.3%
\$250,000 - \$299,999	636	-16.1%
\$300,000 - \$399,999	871	-22.5%
\$400,000 - \$599,999	971	-10.4%
\$600,000 - \$999,999	654	-6.8%
\$1,000,000 or more	565	-6.1%



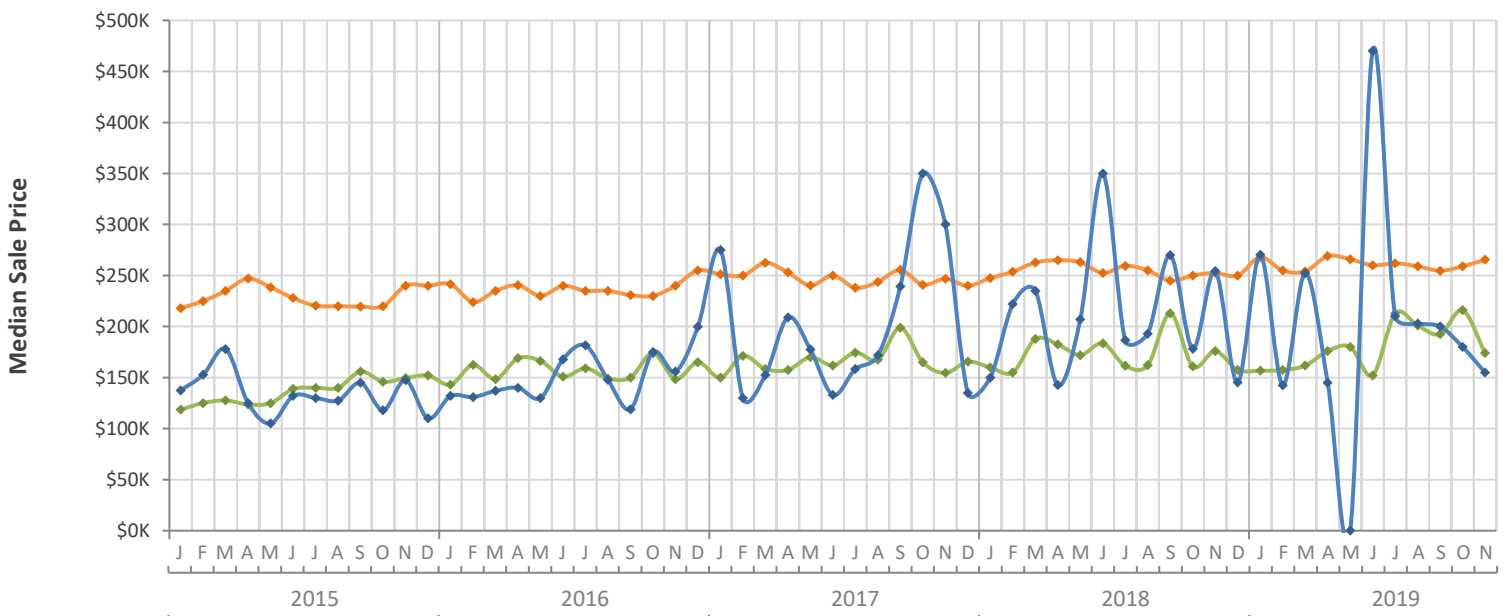
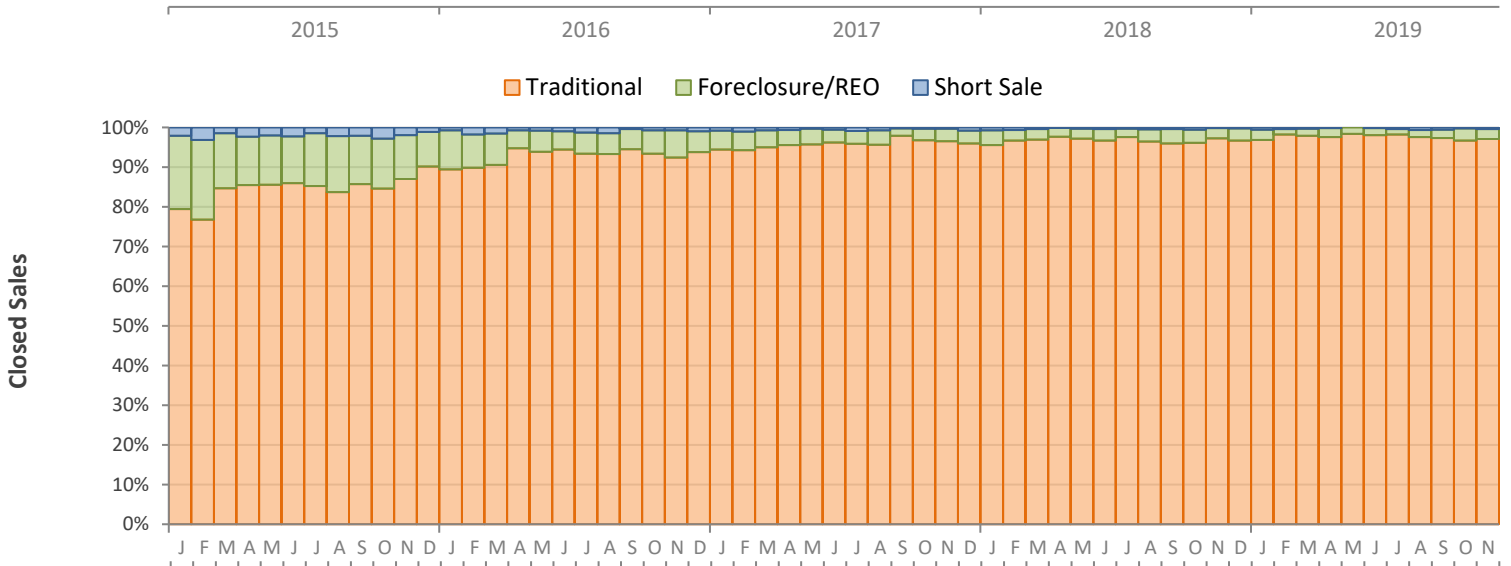
Monthly Distressed Market - November 2019

Single Family Homes

Lee County



		November 2019	November 2018	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Traditional	Closed Sales	972	913	6.5%
	Median Sale Price	\$265,500	\$252,500	5.1%
Foreclosure/REO	Closed Sales	25	24	4.2%
	Median Sale Price	\$174,000	\$175,973	-1.1%
Short Sale	Closed Sales	4	2	100.0%
	Median Sale Price	\$154,950	\$254,450	-39.1%



Monthly Market Detail - November 2019

Townhouses and Condos

Lee County



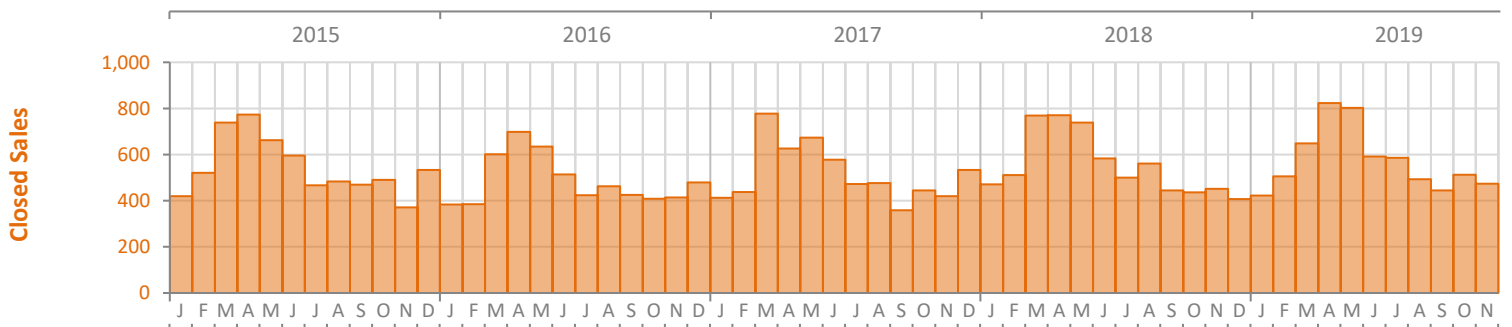
Summary Statistics	November 2019	November 2018	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Closed Sales	474	452	4.9%
Paid in Cash	247	264	-6.4%
Median Sale Price	\$195,000	\$187,000	4.3%
Average Sale Price	\$241,365	\$250,273	-3.6%
Dollar Volume	\$114.4 Million	\$113.1 Million	1.1%
Median Percent of Original List Price Received	95.0%	95.2%	-0.2%
Median Time to Contract	67 Days	70 Days	-4.3%
Median Time to Sale	105 Days	100 Days	5.0%
New Pending Sales	592	463	27.9%
New Listings	721	828	-12.9%
Pending Inventory	710	549	29.3%
Inventory (Active Listings)	3,029	3,491	-13.2%
Months Supply of Inventory	5.4	6.2	-12.9%

Closed Sales

The number of sales transactions which closed during the month

Economists' note: Closed Sales are one of the simplest—yet most important—indicators for the residential real estate market. When comparing Closed Sales across markets of different sizes, we recommend comparing the percent changes in sales rather than the number of sales. Closed Sales (and many other market metrics) are affected by seasonal cycles, so actual trends are more accurately represented by year-over-year changes (i.e. comparing a month's sales to the amount of sales in the same month in the previous year), rather than changes from one month to the next.

Month	Closed Sales	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	6,303	1.1%
November 2019	474	4.9%
October 2019	512	17.4%
September 2019	445	0.0%
August 2019	493	-12.1%
July 2019	586	17.2%
June 2019	592	1.4%
May 2019	802	8.7%
April 2019	823	6.9%
March 2019	648	-15.7%
February 2019	506	-1.0%
January 2019	422	-10.4%
December 2018	407	-23.6%
November 2018	452	7.6%

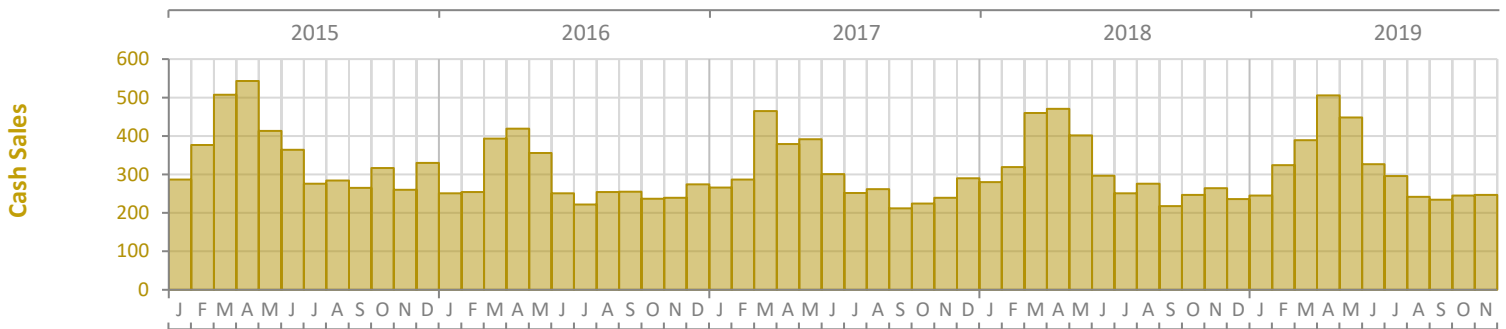


Cash Sales

The number of Closed Sales during the month in which buyers exclusively paid in cash

Economists' note: Cash Sales can be a useful indicator of the extent to which investors are participating in the market. Why? Investors are far more likely to have the funds to purchase a home available up front, whereas the typical homebuyer requires a mortgage or some other form of financing. There are, of course, many possible exceptions, so this statistic should be interpreted with care.

Month	Cash Sales	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	3,503	0.5%
November 2019	247	-6.4%
October 2019	245	-0.8%
September 2019	234	7.3%
August 2019	242	-12.3%
July 2019	296	17.9%
June 2019	327	10.1%
May 2019	448	11.4%
April 2019	506	7.4%
March 2019	389	-15.4%
February 2019	324	1.6%
January 2019	245	-12.5%
December 2018	236	-18.6%
November 2018	264	10.5%

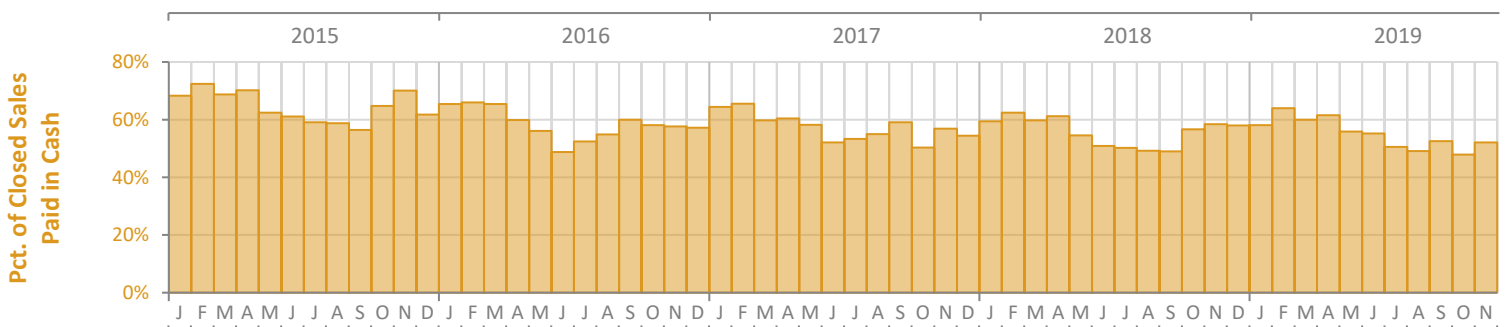


Cash Sales as a Percentage of Closed Sales

The percentage of Closed Sales during the month which were Cash Sales

Economists' note: This statistic is simply another way of viewing Cash Sales. The remaining percentages of Closed Sales (i.e. those not paid fully in cash) each month involved some sort of financing, such as mortgages, owner/seller financing, assumed loans, etc.

Month	Percent of Closed Sales Paid in Cash	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	55.6%	-0.5%
November 2019	52.1%	-10.8%
October 2019	47.9%	-15.5%
September 2019	52.6%	7.3%
August 2019	49.1%	-0.2%
July 2019	50.5%	0.6%
June 2019	55.2%	8.4%
May 2019	55.9%	2.6%
April 2019	61.5%	0.5%
March 2019	60.0%	0.3%
February 2019	64.0%	2.6%
January 2019	58.1%	-2.2%
December 2018	58.0%	6.6%
November 2018	58.4%	2.6%

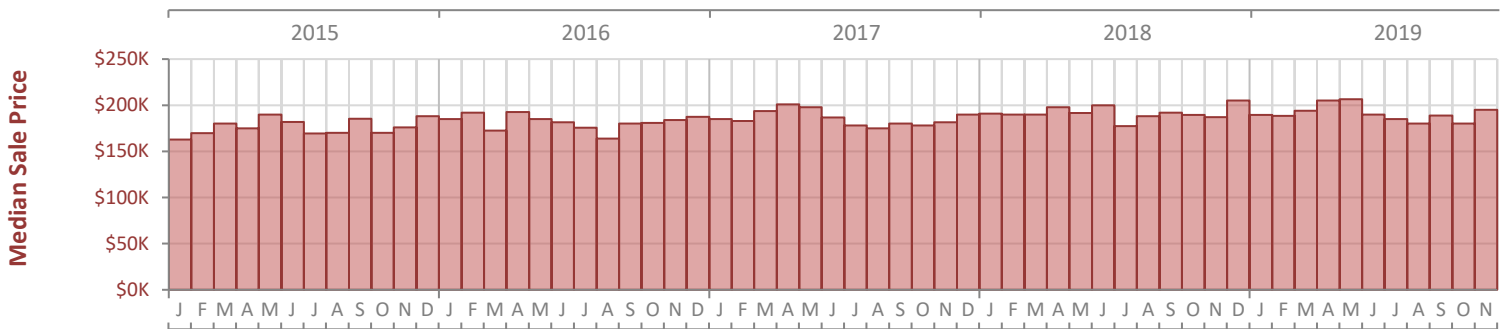


Median Sale Price

The median sale price reported for the month (i.e. 50% of sales were above and 50% of sales were below)

Economists' note: Median Sale Price is our preferred summary statistic for price activity because, unlike Average Sale Price, Median Sale Price is not sensitive to high sale prices for small numbers of homes that may not be characteristic of the market area. Keep in mind that median price trends over time are not always solely caused by changes in the general value of local real estate. Median sale price only reflects the values of the homes that *sold* each month, and the mix of the types of homes that sell can change over time.

Month	Median Sale Price	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	\$190,000	0.0%
November 2019	\$195,000	4.3%
October 2019	\$180,000	-5.0%
September 2019	\$188,900	-1.6%
August 2019	\$180,000	-4.3%
July 2019	\$185,000	4.4%
June 2019	\$190,000	-5.0%
May 2019	\$206,500	7.8%
April 2019	\$205,000	3.5%
March 2019	\$194,000	2.1%
February 2019	\$188,625	-0.7%
January 2019	\$189,495	-0.8%
December 2018	\$205,000	7.9%
November 2018	\$187,000	3.0%

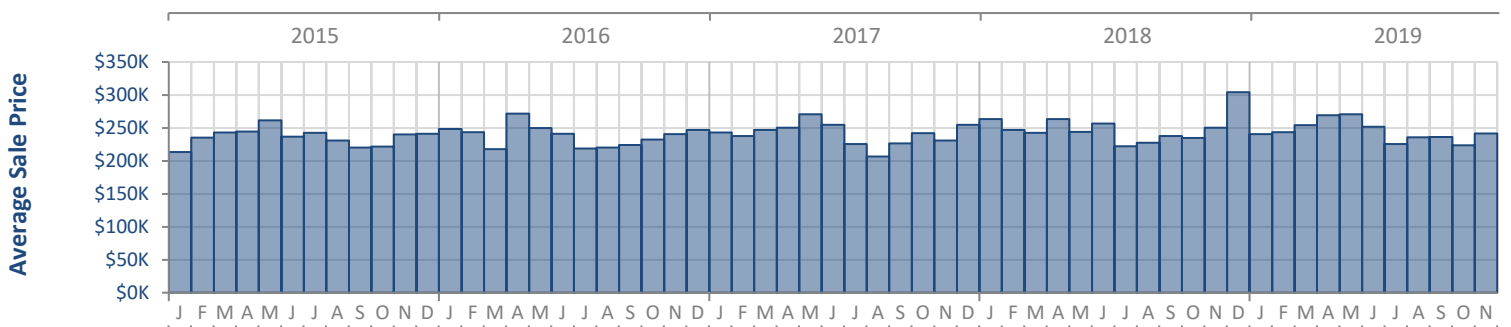


Average Sale Price

The average sale price reported for the month (i.e. total sales in dollars divided by the number of sales)

Economists' note: Usually, we prefer Median Sale Price over Average Sale Price as a summary statistic for home prices. However, Average Sale Price does have its uses—particularly when it is analyzed alongside the Median Sale Price. For one, the relative difference between the two statistics can provide some insight into the market for higher-end homes in an area.

Month	Average Sale Price	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	\$247,397	0.9%
November 2019	\$241,365	-3.6%
October 2019	\$223,428	-4.8%
September 2019	\$236,139	-0.6%
August 2019	\$235,635	3.6%
July 2019	\$225,300	1.4%
June 2019	\$251,648	-2.0%
May 2019	\$270,878	11.1%
April 2019	\$269,437	2.4%
March 2019	\$253,979	4.6%
February 2019	\$243,399	-1.3%
January 2019	\$240,663	-8.6%
December 2018	\$304,353	19.6%
November 2018	\$250,273	8.5%

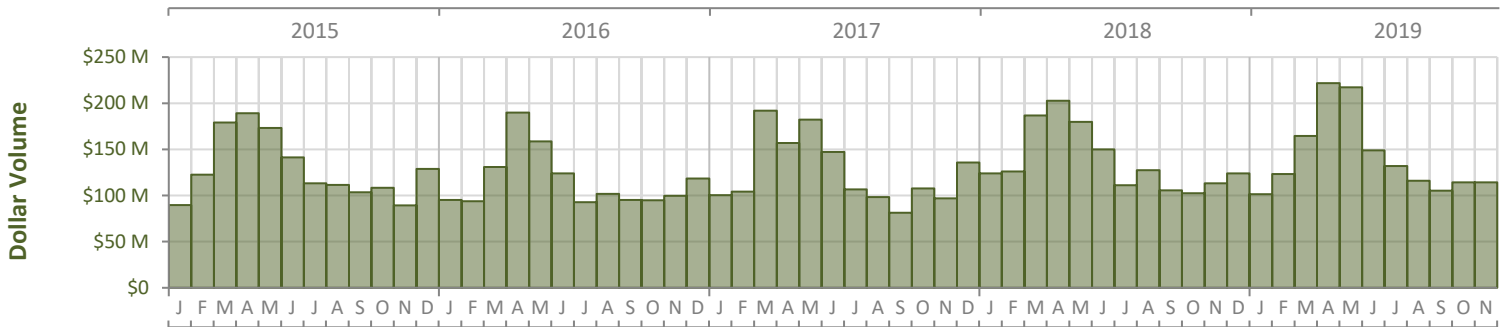


Dollar Volume

The sum of the sale prices for all sales which closed during the month

Economists' note: Dollar Volume is simply the sum of all sale prices in a given time period, and can quickly be calculated by multiplying Closed Sales by Average Sale Price. It is a strong indicator of the health of the real estate industry in a market, and is of particular interest to real estate professionals, investors, analysts, and government agencies. Potential home sellers and home buyers, on the other hand, will likely be better served by paying attention to trends in the two components of Dollar Volume (i.e. sales and prices) individually.

Month	Dollar Volume	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	\$1.6 Billion	2.0%
November 2019	\$114.4 Million	1.1%
October 2019	\$114.4 Million	11.8%
September 2019	\$105.1 Million	-0.6%
August 2019	\$116.2 Million	-8.9%
July 2019	\$132.0 Million	18.8%
June 2019	\$149.0 Million	-0.7%
May 2019	\$217.2 Million	20.7%
April 2019	\$221.7 Million	9.4%
March 2019	\$164.6 Million	-11.8%
February 2019	\$123.2 Million	-2.3%
January 2019	\$101.6 Million	-18.1%
December 2018	\$123.9 Million	-8.7%
November 2018	\$113.1 Million	16.8%

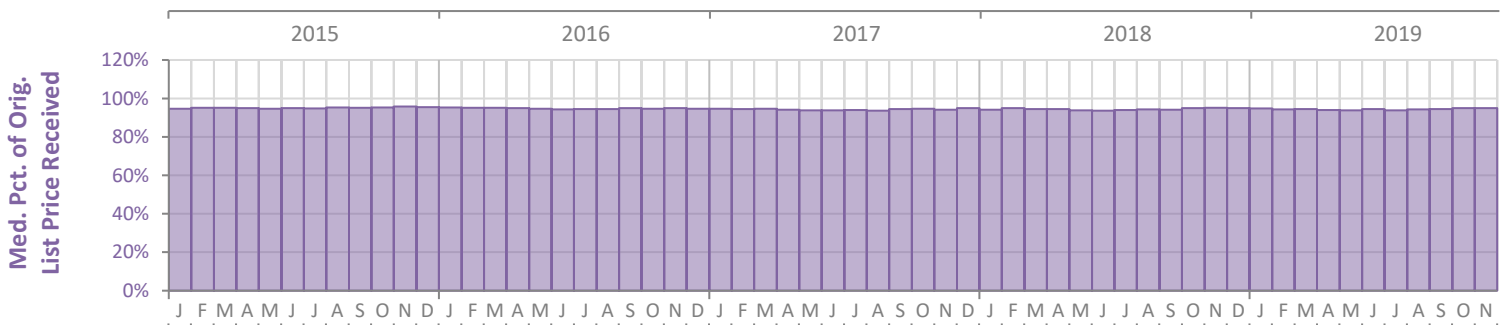


Median Percent of Original List Price Received

The median of the sale price (as a percentage of the original list price) across all properties selling during the month

Economists' note: The Median Percent of Original List Price Received is useful as an indicator of market recovery, since it typically rises as buyers realize that the market may be moving away from them and they need to match the selling price (or better it) in order to get a contract on the house. This is usually the last measure to indicate a market has shifted from down to up, so it is what we would call a *lagging* indicator.

Month	Med. Pct. of Orig. List Price Received	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	94.4%	0.1%
November 2019	95.0%	-0.2%
October 2019	94.9%	-0.1%
September 2019	94.4%	0.3%
August 2019	94.3%	0.0%
July 2019	93.8%	-0.1%
June 2019	94.5%	0.9%
May 2019	93.8%	0.0%
April 2019	94.0%	-0.4%
March 2019	94.5%	0.1%
February 2019	94.3%	-0.6%
January 2019	94.8%	0.7%
December 2018	95.0%	0.0%
November 2018	95.2%	1.2%

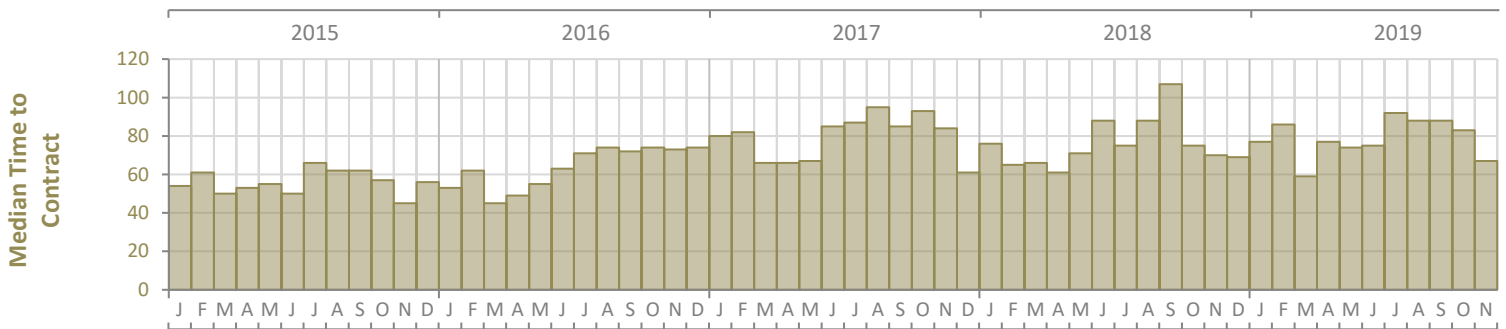


Median Time to Contract

The median number of days between the listing date and contract date for all Closed Sales during the month

Economists' note: Like Time to Sale, Time to Contract is a measure of the length of the home selling process calculated for sales which closed during the month. The difference is that Time to Contract measures the number of days between the initial listing of a property and the signing of the contract which eventually led to the closing of the sale. When the gap between Median Time to Contract and Median Time to Sale grows, it is usually a sign of longer closing times and/or declining numbers of cash sales.

Month	Median Time to Contract	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	79 Days	6.8%
November 2019	67 Days	-4.3%
October 2019	83 Days	10.7%
September 2019	88 Days	-17.8%
August 2019	88 Days	0.0%
July 2019	92 Days	22.7%
June 2019	75 Days	-14.8%
May 2019	74 Days	4.2%
April 2019	77 Days	26.2%
March 2019	59 Days	-10.6%
February 2019	86 Days	32.3%
January 2019	77 Days	1.3%
December 2018	69 Days	13.1%
November 2018	70 Days	-16.7%

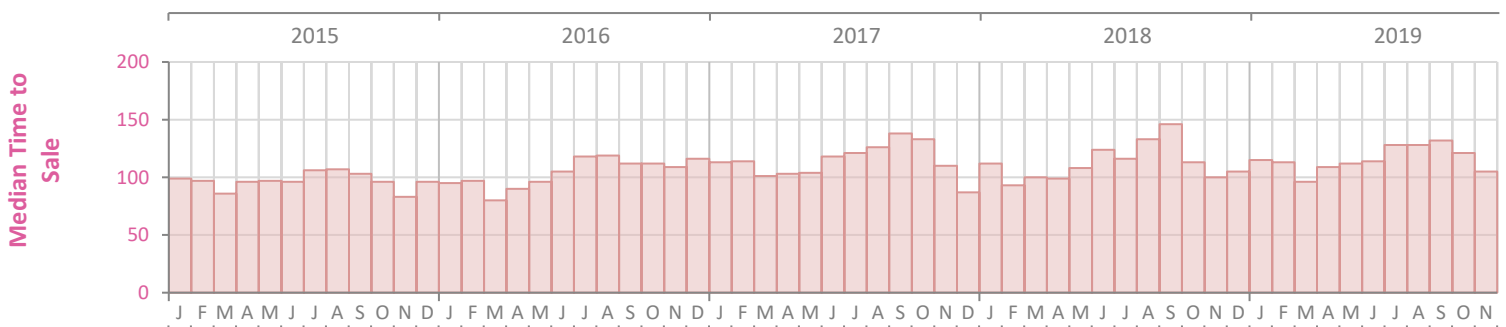


Median Time to Sale

The median number of days between the listing date and closing date for all Closed Sales during the month

Economists' note: Time to Sale is a measure of the length of the home selling process, calculated as the number of days between the initial listing of a property and the closing of the sale. *Median Time to Sale* is the amount of time the "middle" property selling this month was on the market. That is, 50% of homes selling this month took *less* time to sell, and 50% of homes took *more* time to sell. Median Time to Sale gives a more accurate picture than Average Time to Sale, which can be skewed upward by small numbers of properties taking an abnormally long time to sell.

Month	Median Time to Sale	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	115 Days	3.6%
November 2019	105 Days	5.0%
October 2019	121 Days	7.1%
September 2019	132 Days	-9.6%
August 2019	128 Days	-3.8%
July 2019	128 Days	10.3%
June 2019	114 Days	-8.1%
May 2019	112 Days	3.7%
April 2019	109 Days	10.1%
March 2019	96 Days	-4.0%
February 2019	113 Days	21.5%
January 2019	115 Days	2.7%
December 2018	105 Days	20.7%
November 2018	100 Days	-9.1%

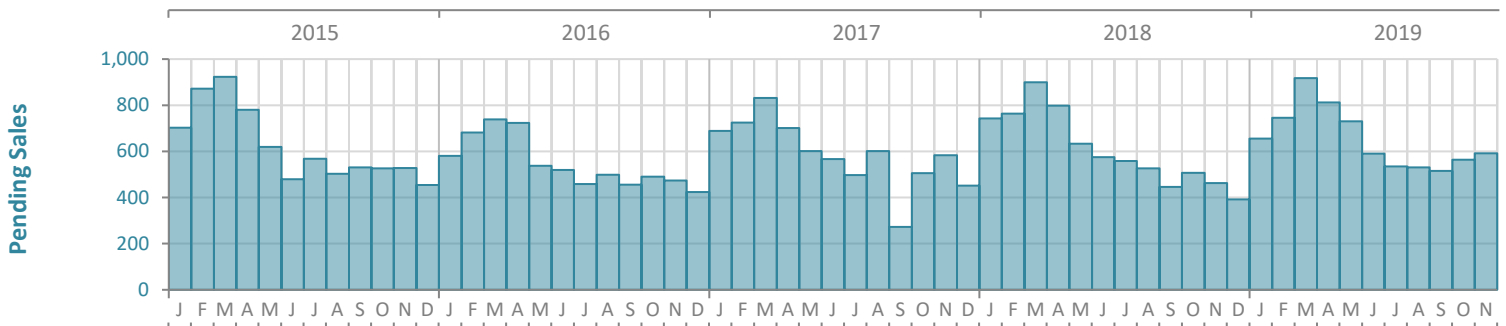


New Pending Sales

The number of listed properties that went under contract during the month

Economists' note: Because of the typical length of time it takes for a sale to close, economists consider Pending Sales to be a decent indicator of potential future Closed Sales. It is important to bear in mind, however, that not all Pending Sales will be closed successfully. So, the effectiveness of Pending Sales as a future indicator of Closed Sales is susceptible to changes in market conditions such as the availability of financing for homebuyers and the inventory of distressed properties for sale.

Month	New Pending Sales	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	7,188	4.0%
November 2019	592	27.9%
October 2019	564	11.2%
September 2019	515	15.5%
August 2019	531	1.0%
July 2019	535	-4.3%
June 2019	590	2.6%
May 2019	730	15.3%
April 2019	812	1.8%
March 2019	918	2.1%
February 2019	745	-2.4%
January 2019	656	-11.7%
December 2018	392	-13.1%
November 2018	463	-20.7%

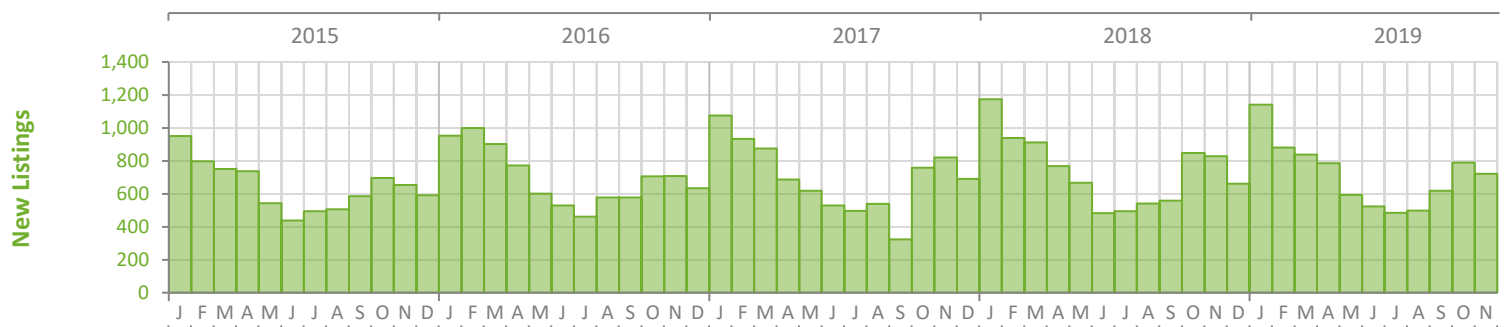


New Listings

The number of properties put onto the market during the month

Economists' note: New Listings tend to rise in delayed response to increasing prices, so they are often seen as a lagging indicator of market health. As prices rise, potential sellers raise their estimations of value—and in the most recent cycle, rising prices have freed up many potential sellers who were previously underwater on their mortgages. Note that in our calculations, we take care to not include properties that were recently taken off the market and quickly relisted, since these are not really *new* listings.

Month	New Listings	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	7,875	-4.1%
November 2019	721	-12.9%
October 2019	790	-6.7%
September 2019	619	10.9%
August 2019	498	-7.8%
July 2019	484	-2.0%
June 2019	524	8.5%
May 2019	593	-11.1%
April 2019	786	2.2%
March 2019	838	-8.1%
February 2019	881	-6.2%
January 2019	1,141	-2.7%
December 2018	661	-4.3%
November 2018	828	1.0%

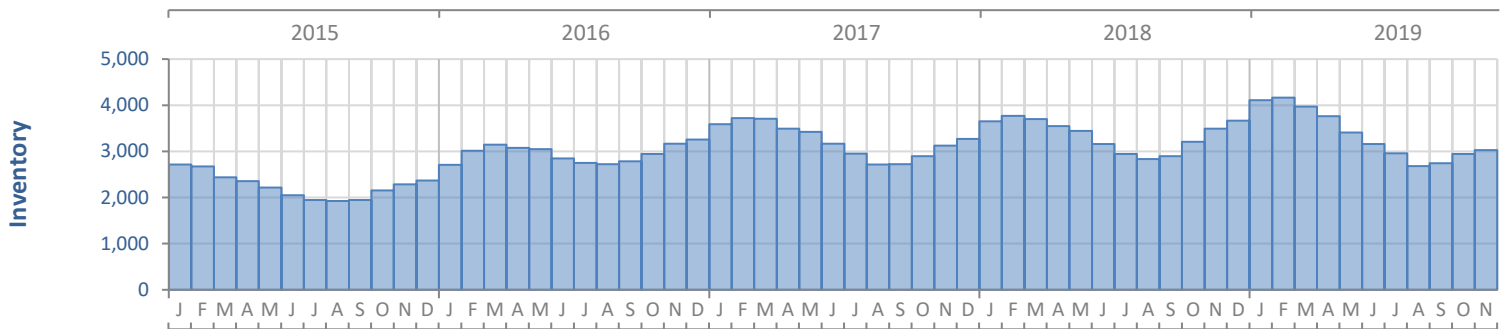


Inventory (Active Listings)

The number of property listings active at the end of the month

Economists' note: There are a number of ways to define and calculate Inventory. Our method is to simply count the number of active listings on the last day of the month, and hold this number to compare with the same month the following year. Inventory rises when New Listings are outpacing the number of listings that go off-market (regardless of whether they actually sell). Likewise, it falls when New Listings aren't keeping up with the rate at which homes are going off-market.

Month	Inventory	Percent Change Year-over-Year
YTD (Monthly Avg)	3,357	0.8%
November 2019	3,029	-13.2%
October 2019	2,947	-8.1%
September 2019	2,741	-5.3%
August 2019	2,684	-5.3%
July 2019	2,957	0.4%
June 2019	3,160	0.1%
May 2019	3,410	-1.0%
April 2019	3,763	6.0%
March 2019	3,969	7.4%
February 2019	4,165	10.4%
January 2019	4,107	12.5%
December 2018	3,663	12.0%
November 2018	3,491	11.6%

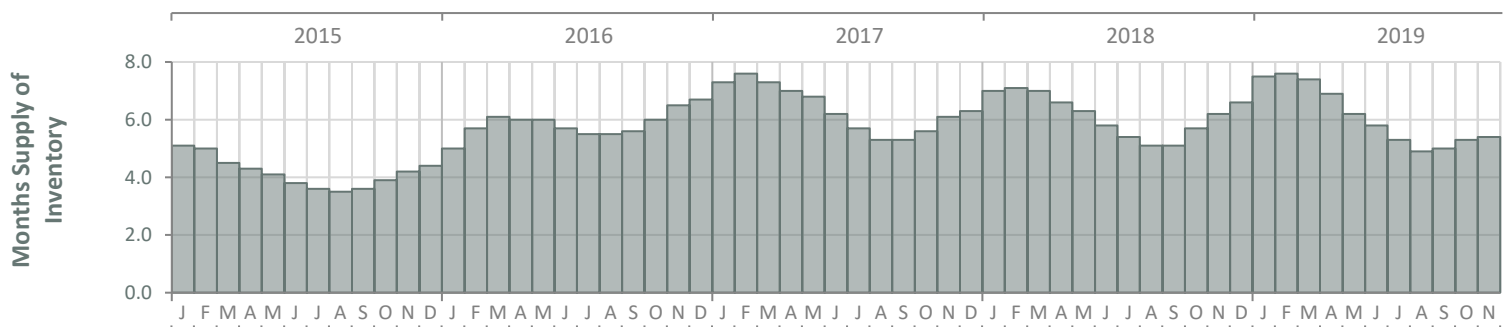


Months Supply of Inventory

An estimate of the number of months it will take to deplete the current Inventory given recent sales rates

Economists' note: MSI is a useful indicator of market conditions. The benchmark for a balanced market (favoring neither buyer nor seller) is 5.5 months of inventory. Anything higher is traditionally a buyers' market, and anything lower is a sellers' market. There is no single accepted way of calculating MSI. A common method is to divide current Inventory by the most recent month's Closed Sales count, but this count is a usually poor predictor of future Closed Sales due to seasonal cycles. To eliminate seasonal effects, we use the 12-month average of monthly Closed Sales instead.

Month	Months Supply	Percent Change Year-over-Year
YTD (Monthly Avg)	6.1	0.0%
November 2019	5.4	-12.9%
October 2019	5.3	-7.0%
September 2019	5.0	-2.0%
August 2019	4.9	-3.9%
July 2019	5.3	-1.9%
June 2019	5.8	0.0%
May 2019	6.2	-1.6%
April 2019	6.9	4.5%
March 2019	7.4	5.7%
February 2019	7.6	7.0%
January 2019	7.5	7.1%
December 2018	6.6	4.8%
November 2018	6.2	1.6%

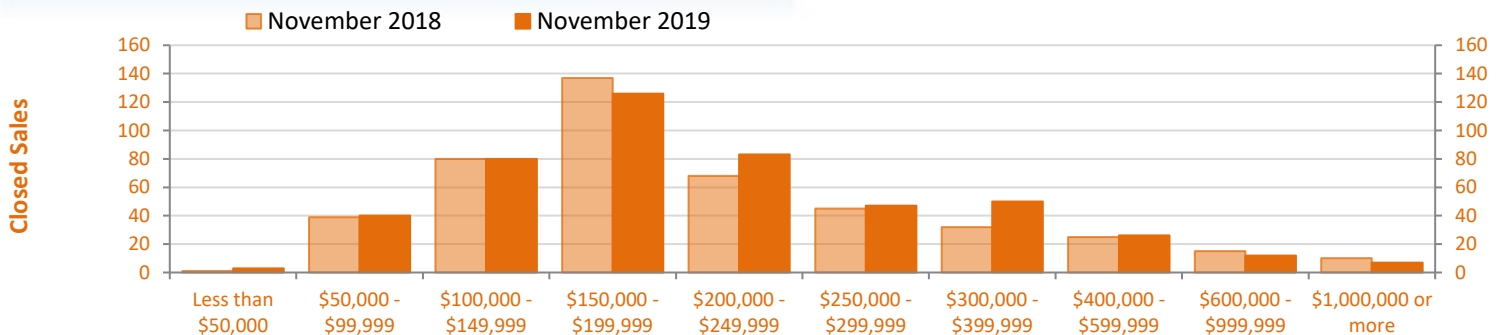


Closed Sales by Sale Price

The number of sales transactions which closed during the month

Economists' note: Closed Sales are one of the simplest—yet most important—indicators for the residential real estate market. When comparing Closed Sales across markets of different sizes, we recommend comparing the percent changes in sales rather than the number of sales. Closed Sales (and many other market metrics) are affected by seasonal cycles, so actual trends are more accurately represented by year-over-year changes (i.e. comparing a month's sales to the amount of sales in the same month in the previous year), rather than changes from one month to the next.

Sale Price	Closed Sales	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Less than \$50,000	3	200.0%
\$50,000 - \$99,999	40	2.6%
\$100,000 - \$149,999	80	0.0%
\$150,000 - \$199,999	126	-8.0%
\$200,000 - \$249,999	83	22.1%
\$250,000 - \$299,999	47	4.4%
\$300,000 - \$399,999	50	56.3%
\$400,000 - \$599,999	26	4.0%
\$600,000 - \$999,999	12	-20.0%
\$1,000,000 or more	7	-30.0%

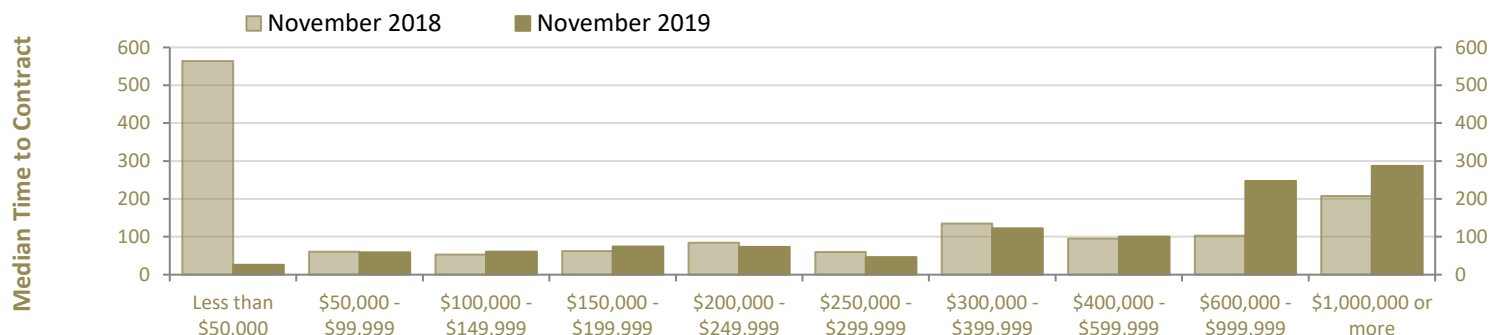


Median Time to Contract by Sale Price

The median number of days between the listing date and contract date for all Closed Sales during the month

Economists' note: Like Time to Sale, Time to Contract is a measure of the length of the home selling process calculated for sales which closed during the month. The difference is that Time to Contract measures the number of days between the initial listing of a property and the signing of the contract which eventually led to the closing of the sale. When the gap between Median Time to Contract and Median Time to Sale grows, it is usually a sign of longer closing times and/or declining numbers of cash sales.

Sale Price	Median Time to Contract	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Less than \$50,000	26 Days	-95.4%
\$50,000 - \$99,999	59 Days	-3.3%
\$100,000 - \$149,999	61 Days	15.1%
\$150,000 - \$199,999	74 Days	19.4%
\$200,000 - \$249,999	73 Days	-13.1%
\$250,000 - \$299,999	46 Days	-23.3%
\$300,000 - \$399,999	122 Days	-9.6%
\$400,000 - \$599,999	100 Days	5.3%
\$600,000 - \$999,999	247 Days	139.8%
\$1,000,000 or more	287 Days	38.0%

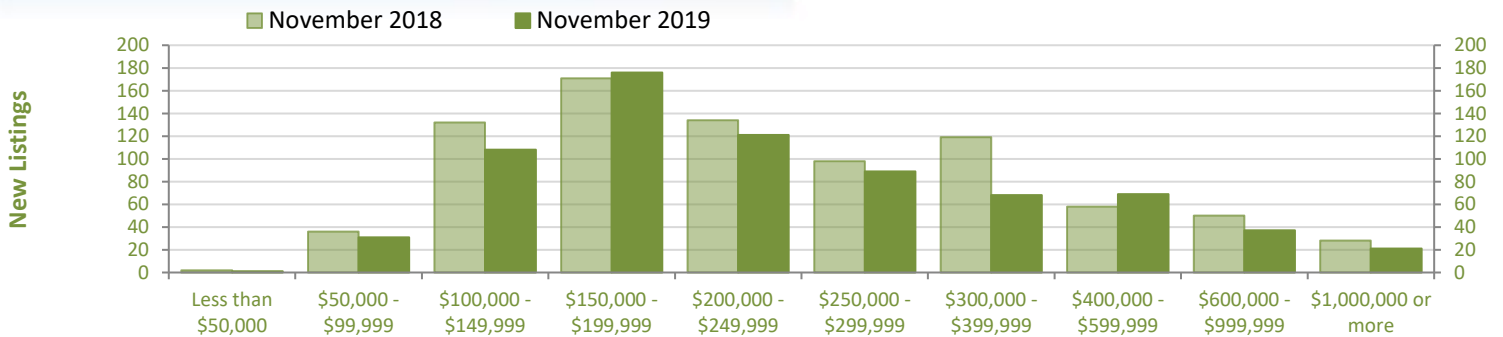


New Listings by Initial Listing Price

The number of properties put onto the market during the month

Economists' note: New Listings tend to rise in delayed response to increasing prices, so they are often seen as a lagging indicator of market health. As prices rise, potential sellers raise their estimations of value—and in the most recent cycle, rising prices have freed up many potential sellers who were previously underwater on their mortgages. Note that in our calculations, we take care to not include properties that were recently taken off the market and quickly relisted, since these are not really *new* listings.

Initial Listing Price	New Listings	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Less than \$50,000	1	-50.0%
\$50,000 - \$99,999	31	-13.9%
\$100,000 - \$149,999	108	-18.2%
\$150,000 - \$199,999	176	2.9%
\$200,000 - \$249,999	121	-9.7%
\$250,000 - \$299,999	89	-9.2%
\$300,000 - \$399,999	68	-42.9%
\$400,000 - \$599,999	69	19.0%
\$600,000 - \$999,999	37	-26.0%
\$1,000,000 or more	21	-25.0%

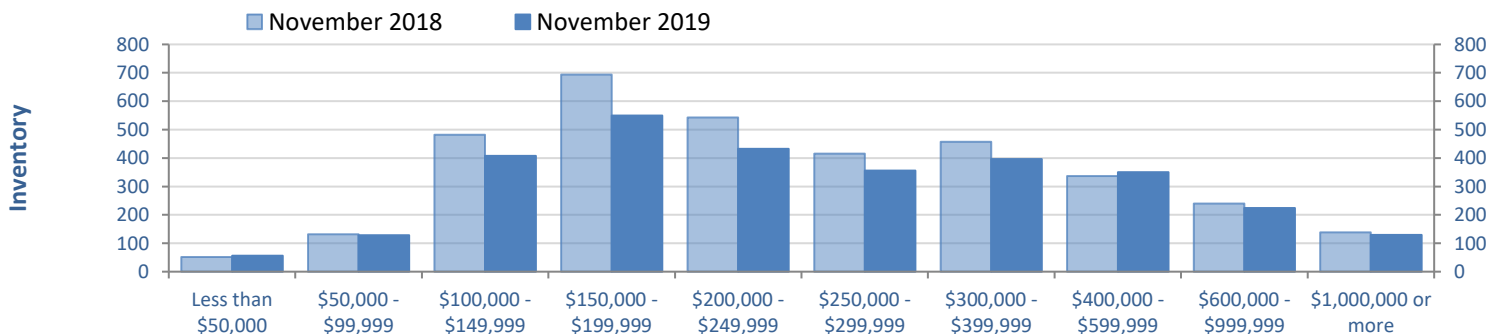


Inventory by Current Listing Price

The number of property listings active at the end of the month

Economists' note: There are a number of ways to define and calculate Inventory. Our method is to simply count the number of active listings on the last day of the month, and hold this number to compare with the same month the following year. Inventory rises when New Listings are outpacing the number of listings that go off-market (regardless of whether they actually sell). Likewise, it falls when New Listings aren't keeping up with the rate at which homes are going off-market.

Current Listing Price	Inventory	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Less than \$50,000	56	7.7%
\$50,000 - \$99,999	128	-3.0%
\$100,000 - \$149,999	408	-15.4%
\$150,000 - \$199,999	550	-20.7%
\$200,000 - \$249,999	432	-20.4%
\$250,000 - \$299,999	356	-14.4%
\$300,000 - \$399,999	396	-13.3%
\$400,000 - \$599,999	350	3.9%
\$600,000 - \$999,999	224	-6.7%
\$1,000,000 or more	129	-6.5%



Monthly Distressed Market - November 2019

Townhouses and Condos

Lee County



		November 2019	November 2018	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Traditional	Closed Sales	465	446	4.3%
	Median Sale Price	\$195,000	\$187,750	3.9%
Foreclosure/REO	Closed Sales	9	5	80.0%
	Median Sale Price	\$152,000	\$104,000	46.2%
Short Sale	Closed Sales	0	1	-100.0%
	Median Sale Price	(No Sales)	\$109,000	N/A

